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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please add or amend the claims to read as follows, and cancel without prejudice or disclaimer to resubmission in a divisional or continuation application claims indicated as cancelled:

1. (Original) A method of compressing values of a waveform of a monitored electrical power signal, comprising:

acquiring data representing periods of the waveform;

decomposing the waveform of the power signal into a plurality of components, over a plurality of periods of the waveform; and

compressing the values of at least some of the components over a plurality of periods, separately.

- 2. (Original) A method according to claim I, wherein decomposing the waveform of the power signal into components comprises decomposing the waveform of the power signal into frequency components.
- 3. (Original) A method according to claim l, wherein compressing the values of at least some of the components comprises fitting time segments of the components into a model and recording coefficients of the fitting.
- 4. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the model comprises a constant function over time.
- 5. (Original) A method according to claim 4, wherein the recorded coefficients for the constant function over time comprise a single value and a length.
- 6. (Original) A method according to claim 3, wherein the model comprises a monotonous function over time.

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7. (Original) A method according to claim I, wherein acquiring data representing periods of the waveform comprises acquiring samples of the power signal and dividing the samples into

groups corresponding to cycles of the power signal.

8. (Original) A method according to claim 7, wherein decomposing the waveform comprises

transforming the samples of each group, into harmonic component values.

9. (Original) A method according to claim 8, wherein compressing at least some of the

components separately comprises storing for each harmonic, pairs of an average value and a

number of cycles in which the value is close to the average value.

10. (Original) A method according to claim 9, wherein the number of cycles in which the

value is close to the average value is determined by determining a minimum and maximum of

a train of harmonic values and determining when the distance between the minimum and

maximum is greater than a predetermined distance.

11. (Original) A method according to claim 10, wherein the predetermined distance is a

configured percentage of the average recent value of the harmonic.

12. (Original) A method according to claim 10, wherein the predetermined distance is a

configured percentage of a configured expected value of the harmonic.

13. (Original) A method according to claim 7, wherein acquiring the samples comprises

acquiring an analog signal and sampling the signals.

14. (Currently Amended) A method according to any of claims 7-13 claim 7, wherein

dividing the samples into groups comprises repetitively determining a main power frequency

of the signal and accordingly determining cycles of the power signal.

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15. (Original) A method according to claim 14, wherein sampling the signals comprises

sampling at a rate determined responsive to the main power frequency.

16. (Original) A method according to claim 14, wherein repetitively determining the main

power frequency comprises determining from the acquired samples.

17. (Original) A method according to claim 14, wherein repetitively determining the main

power frequency comprises determining from an analog signal from which the acquired

samples are generated.

18. (Original) A method according to claim 8, wherein transforming the samples of each

group comprises transforming using a fast Fourier transform.

19. (Original) A method according to claim 8, comprising applying a lossless compression

method to the compressed harmonic values.

20. (Original) A method according to claim 1, comprising storing at least some of the

compressed components in a file structure representing a plurality of power signals.

21. (Original) A method according to claim 1, comprising storing the compressed

components in a file structure representing the power signal continuously over more than a

month.

22. (Original) A method according to claim 1, comprising transmitting the compressed

components over a communication link.

23. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein compressing at least some of the

components comprises compressing each of the components separately.

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24. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein compressing at least some of the

components comprises compressing in real time.

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25. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein compressing at least some of the

components comprises compressing using a lossy compression.

26. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein compressing at least some of the

components separately comprises compressing separately over at least three periods of the

waveform.

27. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the power signal comprises a current

signal.

28. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the power signal comprises a voltage

signal.

29. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein acquiring data representing periods of

the waveforms comprises acquiring data representing cycles of the waveform.

30. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein acquiring data representing periods of

the waveforms comprises acquiring data representing periods shorter or longer than the

cycles of the waveform.

31. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein decomposing the waveform into a

plurality of components comprises decomposing into components which co-extend in time.

32. (Original) A method of compressing values of a monitored electrical power signal,

comprising:

acquiring samples of the power signal;

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dividing the samples into groups corresponding to cycles of the power signal;

transforming the samples of each group, into harmonic component values; and

storing a representation of the harmonic component values on a non-volatile storage medium,

continuously over at least a week.

33. (Original) A method according to claim 32, wherein storing the representation comprises

storing a compressed representation of the harmonic component values.

34. (Original) A method according to claim 33, wherein storing the compressed

representation comprises storing a compression based on compressing together values of each

harmonic component over a plurality of cycles.

35. (Original) A device for monitoring electrical power signals, comprising:

a power line interface for measuring power line signals;

a non-volatile storage medium; and

a processor adapted to store a representation of waveform information of measured power

line signals on the storage medium continuously, regardless of whether a special event was

identified.

36. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the power line signals comprise at

least one current signal.

37. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the power line signals comprise at

least one voltage signal.

38. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the processor is adapted to store the

representation continuously over at least a week.

39. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the device is not adapted to identify

special events.

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- 40. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the storage medium has a capacity smaller than 1 Gbyte.
- 41. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the storage medium has a capacity greater than 1 Gbyte.
- 42. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the processor is adapted to compress the measured power signals with at least a predetermined minimal compression ratio.
- 43. (Original) A device according to claim 42, wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the loss level of the compression in order to achieve the predetermined minimal compression ratio.
- 44. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the processor is adapted to compress the measured power signals in real time.
- 45. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the processor is adapted to compress the measured power signals with a lossy compression method.
- 46. (Original) A device according to claim 35, wherein the interface is adapted to provide samples of the power signals at a rate of at least 8 samples per cycle of the power signals.
- 47. (Original) A method of compressing values of a monitored electrical power signal, comprising: acquiring samples of the power signal; and compressing the samples of the power signal using a lossy compression method.
- 48. (Original) A method according to claim 47, wherein compressing the samples comprises compressing in real time.



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49. (Original) A device according to claim 47, wherein acquiring the samples comprises acquiring at a rate of at least 50 samples per cycle of the power signal.